

PHY 745 Group Theory
11-11:50 AM MWF Olin 102

Plan for Lecture 27:

Topics involving angular momentum
Chap. 14 in DDJ

- 1. "Addition" of angular momenta**
- 2. Rotation of angular momenta**
- 3. Double group representations**


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Day	Date	Topic	Notes	Room
23 Mon	03/20/2017	Chap. 7.7	Jahn-Teller Effect	#15
24 Wed	03/22/2017	Chap. 7.7	Jahn-Teller Effect	
25 Fri	03/24/2017		Spin 1/2	#16
26 Mon	03/27/2017		Dirac equation for H-like atoms	#17
27 Wed	03/29/2017	Chap. 14	Angular momenta	#18
28 Fri	03/31/2017			
29 Mon	04/03/2017			
30 Wed	04/05/2017			
31 Fri	04/07/2017			
32 Mon	04/10/2017			
33 Wed	04/12/2017		Good Friday Holiday -- no class	
34 Mon	04/17/2017			
35 Wed	04/19/2017			
36 Fri	04/21/2017			
	Mon: 04/24/2017		Presentations I	
	Wed: 04/26/2017		Presentations II	


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OREST Department of Physics


News



Assistant Professor Opening in Physics



Part-time Instructor Opening in Physics



Angela Harper awarded NSF Graduate Research Fellowship

Events

Wed. Mar. 29, 2017
 Neutrinos
Physics Colloquium
 Prof. Walker, Duke U.
 Olin 101 4:00 PM
 Refreshments:
 3:30 PM Olin Lobby

Thur. Mar. 30, 2017
 Novel Chiral Spintronic Devices
Wenxiao Huang
 Ph. D. Defense
 (Mentor: D. Carroll)
 Public Talk:
 Olin 101 3:00 PM

Wed. Apr. 5, 2017
 Hydrogen Storage
 Evan Welchman
 Ph. D. Defense

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Rotations of angular momentum

Irreducible representations in terms of angular momentum-spin eigenfunctions

$$O_R(\alpha, \mathbf{z}) = e^{-i\alpha J_z / \hbar}$$

$$\chi^j(\alpha) = \sum_{m=-j}^j \langle jm | O_R(\alpha, \hat{\mathbf{z}}) | jm \rangle = \sum_{m=-j}^j e^{-i\alpha m} = \frac{\sin[\alpha(j + \frac{1}{2})]}{\sin(\alpha/2)}$$

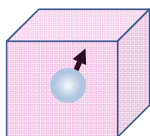
Note that: $\chi^j(\alpha + 2\pi) = (-1)^{2j} \chi^j(\alpha)$

$$\chi^j(\alpha + 4\pi) = \chi^j(\alpha)$$

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Octahedral symmetry

	E	$8C_3$	$3C_2 = 3C_4^2$	$6C_2'$	$6C_4$
Γ_1	1	1	1	1	1
Γ_2	1	1	1	-1	-1
Γ_{12}	2	-1	2	0	0
$\Gamma_{15'}$	3	0	-1	-1	1
$\Gamma_{25'}$	3	0	-1	1	-1

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Introduce rotation by $2\pi \equiv R$ and construct direct product character table for $O \times R$

$$\chi^j(\alpha) = \frac{\sin[\alpha(j + \frac{1}{2})]}{\sin(\alpha/2)}$$

Special cases for $j = \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{7}{2}, \dots$

$$\chi^j(\pi) = \chi^j(C_2) = 0 \quad \Rightarrow R \text{ does not change } C_2$$

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	E	$8C_3$	$3C_2 = 3C_4^2$	$6C_2'$	$6C_4$	R	$8RC_3$	$6RC_4$
Γ_1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Γ_2	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1
Γ_{12}	2	-1	2	0	0	2	-1	0
$\Gamma_{15'}$	3	0	-1	-1	1	3	0	1
$\Gamma_{25'}$	3	0	-1	1	-1	3	0	-1

Note that complete group is now of order 48
 and there are 8 classes and 8 representations
 → need to find three more representations

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	E	$8C_3$	$3C_2 = 3C_4^2$	$6C_2'$	$6C_4$	R	$8RC_3$	$6RC_4$
Γ_1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Γ_2	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1
Γ_{12}	2	-1	2	0	0	2	-1	0
$\Gamma_{15'}$	3	0	-1	-1	1	3	0	1
$\Gamma_{25'}$	3	0	-1	1	-1	3	0	-1
Γ_6	2	1	0	0	$\sqrt{2}$	-2	-1	$-\sqrt{2}$
Γ_7	2	1	0	0	$-\sqrt{2}$	-2	-1	$\sqrt{2}$
Γ_8	4	-1	0	0	0	-4	1	0

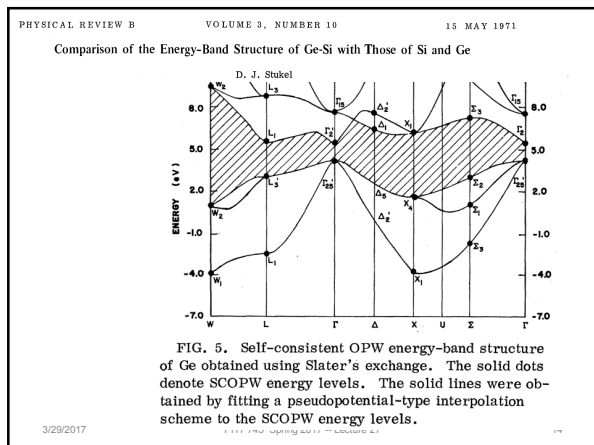
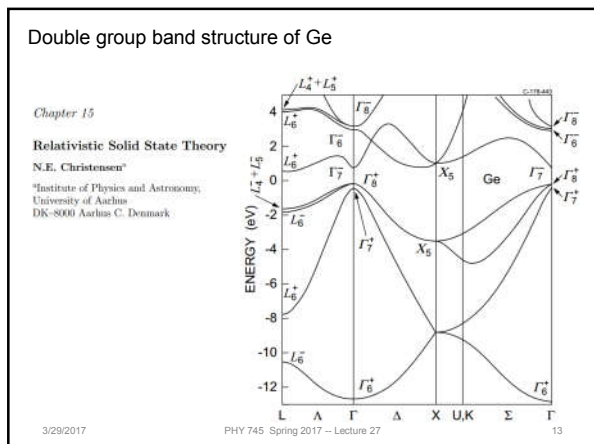
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Summary of results

O	E	R	$3C_4^2 + 3\bar{R}C_4^2$	$6C_4$	$6RC_4$	$6C_2 + 6\bar{R}C_2$	$8C_3$	$8RC_3$
Γ_1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Γ_2	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1
Γ_{12}	2	2	2	0	0	0	-1	-1
$\Gamma_{15'}$	3	3	-1	1	1	-1	0	0
$\Gamma_{25'}$	3	3	-1	-1	-1	1	0	0
Γ_6	2	-2	0	$\sqrt{2}$	$-\sqrt{2}$	0	1	-1
Γ_7	2	-2	0	$-\sqrt{2}$	$\sqrt{2}$	0	1	-1
Γ_8	4	-4	0	0	0	0	-1	1

valid double group representations

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Crystal field splitting of atom in octahedral field

O	E	R	$3C_4^2 + 3\bar{R}C_4^2$	$6C_4$	$6RC_4$	$6C_2 + 6\bar{R}C_2$	$8C_3$	$8RC_3$
Γ_1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Γ_2	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1
Γ_{12}	2	2	2	0	0	0	-1	-1
$\Gamma_{15'}$	3	3	-1	1	1	-1	0	0
$\Gamma_{25'}$	3	3	-1	-1	-1	1	0	0
Γ_6	2	-2	0	$\sqrt{2}$	$-\sqrt{2}$	0	1	-1
Γ_7	2	-2	0	$-\sqrt{2}$	$\sqrt{2}$	0	1	-1
Γ_8	4	-4	0	0	0	0	-1	1

$j = \frac{1}{2}$ 2 -2 0 $\sqrt{2}$ $-\sqrt{2}$ 0 1 -1

↓
 Γ_6


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Crystal field splitting of atom in octahedral field

O	E	\mathcal{R}	$3C_4^2 + 3\bar{R}C_4^2$	$6C_4$	$6RC_4$	$6C_2 + 6\bar{R}C_2$	$8C_3$	$8RC_3$
Γ_1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Γ_2	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1
Γ_{12}	2	2	2	0	0	0	-1	-1
$\Gamma_{15'}$	3	3	-1	1	1	-1	0	0
$\Gamma_{25'}$	3	3	-1	-1	-1	1	0	0
Γ_6	2	-2	0	$\sqrt{2}$	$-\sqrt{2}$	0	1	-1
Γ_7	2	-2	0	$-\sqrt{2}$	$\sqrt{2}$	0	1	-1
Γ_8	4	-4	0	0	0	0	-1	1

$\chi = \frac{3}{2} \quad 4 \quad -4 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad -1 \quad 1$



 Γ_8

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PHYSICAL REVIEW VOLUME 96, NUMBER 2 OCTOBER 15, 1954

Spin-Orbit Coupling in Band Theory—Character Tables for Some “Double” Space Groups

R. J. ELLIOTT*
 Department of Physics, University of California, Berkeley, California
 (Received May 26, 1954)

To take account of the electron spin in band theory, a method is outlined which allows us to construct character tables for the double space groups of the simple, face-centered, and body-centered cubic, diamond, and hexagonal close packed lattices. The effects of time reversal are also considered. Particular attention is given to the splitting of otherwise degenerate bands by the spin-orbit coupling.

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