## PHY 711 – Assignment #7

Note: This problem is similar to one posed in the Classical Mechanics text by Goldstein.

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Continue reading Chapter 3 in Fetter and Walecka.

- 1. Consider a Lagrangian function which depends on  $\ddot{q}(t)$  in addition to  $q(t), \dot{q}(t)$  and  $t; L = L(q, \dot{q}, \ddot{q}; t)$ .
  - (a) Show that the Euler-Lagrange equation for this Lagrangian is:

$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2} \left( \frac{\partial L}{\partial \ddot{q}} \right) - \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{q}} \right) + \frac{\partial L}{\partial q} = 0.$$

(b) Consider the specific Lagrangian given below and find the corresponding equations of motion.

$$L(q, \dot{q}, \ddot{q}; t) = -\frac{m}{2}q\ddot{q} - \frac{k}{2}q^2.$$