

**PHY 711 – Problem Set # 23**

Continue reading Chapter 12 in **Fetter and Walecka**.

For the purpose of this problem, define the Reynold's number for the motion of a spherical object of radius  $a$  in a fluid of density  $n_f$  at velocity  $u$  and viscosity  $\eta$  as

$$\mathcal{R} = \frac{2n_f a u}{\eta}.$$

1. Show that from Stoke's relation, the terminal velocity of the sphere (having density  $n_o$ ) falling under uniform gravitational acceleration  $g$  within a large container of the fluid of density  $n_f$  and viscosity  $\eta$  as is given by

$$u = \frac{2a^2(n_o - n_f)g}{9\eta}.$$

2. Find an expression for the Reynold's number for this situation.
3. Suppose  $n_o = 7900 \text{ kg/m}^3$  (steel),  $n_f = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$  (water) and  $\eta = 0.001 \text{ Pa}\cdot\text{s}$ . Find the radius  $a$  at which  $\mathcal{R} = 0.5$ .
4. Repeat the calculation for the fluid of castor oil  $n_f = 960 \text{ kg/m}^3$  and  $\eta = 1 \text{ Pa}\cdot\text{s}$ .