

How to give a good Biophysics Journal Club presentation

(References: ACS Style Guide, Chapter 7)

1. Title and authors of paper
2. Statement of key issue or problem that the paper is addressing
3. Background
 - a. Why is this problem important?
 - b. Why should your audience care?
4. Methods
 - a. “I’m hoping the faculty can explain…”—**NOT!**
 - b. Do need to understand method well enough to
 - i. Explain it to the audience
 - ii. Understand the necessary inputs
 - iii. Understand the experimental outputs and what they show
 - iv. Understand the issues, problems, and necessary controls
 - c. Use figures from other papers (or create them yourself) to adequately explain the method to your audience
 - d. Try to be critical of the methods—is it really showing what the author thinks its showing?
5. Results
 - a. Show figures and results
 - b. Add enough annotation, so the figure makes sense to your audience
 - c. Did the author interpret the results correctly? Is there another interpretation? Be critical.
6. Conclusions
 - a. What conclusions did the author draw?
 - b. Do you agree with the conclusions?
7. General comments
 - a. Presentation should not just be an outline of sentences copied from the paper
 - b. Don’t use animation gratuitously
 - c. The ability to communicate orally is important—it is as important as your ability to write well
 - d. Your oral presentation is a sum of your knowledge, skills, attitude and energy

And, what do we expect from the audience?

1. Journal club participation is NOT a passive spectator sport
2. Read the paper BEFORE the journal club and try to understand it
3. ASK questions, if you don't understand something the speaker says
4. PARTICIPATE in the discussions

Evaluation of your presentation by the faculty

1. Following presentation and discussion, faculty will review your presentation with you and provide suggestions for improvement (other members of audience will leave first)
2. We expect that these suggestions will help you to improve your oral presentation skills