

Homework Set I

Due Wednesday, September 24

1. The commutation relations of the angular momentum operator L_z with the momentum operator \mathbf{P} were worked out explicitly in homework F, problem 2. These solutions are already posted online.
 - (a) Using these commutation relations, derive two non-trivial uncertainty relationships.
 - (b) Show that if you are in an eigenstate of any observable, the uncertainty in that observable is zero.
 - (c) Show that if you are in an eigenstate of L_z , then you must have $\langle P_x \rangle = \langle P_y \rangle = 0$.
2. We will eventually discover that particles have spin, which is described by three operators $\mathbf{S} = (S_x, S_y, S_z)$ with commutation relations

$$[S_x, S_y] = i\hbar S_z, \quad [S_y, S_z] = i\hbar S_x, \quad [S_z, S_x] = i\hbar S_y$$

A particle in a magnetic field of magnitude B pointing in the z -direction will have Hamiltonian

$$H = -\mu B S_z$$

where μ and B are constants.

- (a) Derive formulas for the time derivative of all three components of $\langle \mathbf{S} \rangle$
- (b) At time $t = 0$, the expectation values of $\langle \mathbf{S} \rangle$ are given by

$$\langle S_x \rangle_{t=0} = a, \quad \langle S_y \rangle_{t=0} = 0, \quad \langle S_z \rangle_{t=0} = b$$

Determine the expectation value $\langle \mathbf{S} \rangle_t$ at later times.