Neoclassical and Heckscher-Ohlin Model: Practice Problems Key International Trade John T. Dalton

Question 1

a)
$$\frac{MC_W}{MC_T} = \frac{MU_W}{MU_T} = \frac{P_W^A}{P_T^A}$$

b)
$$\frac{MC_W}{MC_T} = \frac{P_W^{TOT}}{P_T^{TOT}} < \frac{MU_W}{MU_T}$$

- c) Australia
- d) P O

Question 2

- a) Country B is relatively more capital abundant, because $\left(\frac{K}{L}\right)^B = \frac{1}{2} > \frac{1}{3} = \left(\frac{K}{L}\right)^A$.
- b) Country A
- c) Heckscher-Ohlin Theorem \Rightarrow Country B has a comparative advantage in steel
- d) Capital benefits the most in Country B, as implied by the Stolper-Samuelson Theorem.
- e) Transportation costs and other frictions

Question 3

a) c

- **b)** d
- **c)** b
- ${\bf Question}~{\bf 4}~{\bf c}$
- ${\bf Question}~{\bf 5}~{\bf c}$
- ${\bf Question} \,\, {\bf 6} \,\, {\rm d}$